

THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

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A WHIG CHRONICLER OF THE TIMES, THE PEOPLE, AND THE COUNTRY.

"We shall always be Victorious when we all pull together!"

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VARIETIES.

ONE.—One hour lost in the morning
by laying in bed will put back all the busi-
ness of the day.

One hour gained in rising early is worth
one month of labor in a year.

One hole in the fence will cost ten
times as much as it will cost to fix it at
once.

One diseased sheep will spoil a flock.
One unruly animal will learn all others
to company bad tricks, and the Bible
says, "One sinner destroys much good."

One drunkard will keep a family poor,
and make them miserable.

One wife that is always telling how
fine her neighbor dresses, and how little
she can get, will look pleasanter if she
talks of something else.

The farmer whose pigs were so lean,
that it took two of them to make a shad-
ow, has been beat by another who had
several so thin that they would crawl out
through the cracks in their pen. He finally
stopped that "fun" by tying knots
in their tails!

In Bangtown we hear they have but
one barber and that he is a doctor, sweep,
chemist, surgeon, owner of a charcoal
mine and sells the best claims. He takes
his customers with a white wash
brush, and shaves them with a carving
knife. Those disputing his terms in any
of these occupations generally get well
kicked and no redress, for the kicker is
the Justice of the Peace.

Who finds all the umbrellas that every-
body loses? Every man we meet loses
the umbrellas he buys, but we have
never got acquainted with the man that
finds them. Can any one answer the
question before the next rain?

A tailor, in a fit of passion because his
needles got into an inextinguishable snarl,
seized a skin of thread and stabbed him-
self to the heart. He is expected to live
in a few days.

The boy that licked the molasses hog-
head, is now teaching a thrashing ma-
chine how to box.

In a certain town where the "Budget" is
read extensively, a loafer was brought
before the judge for being drunk in the
street—the fine being one dollar for each
offense. The fine he paid, and was again
arraigned, "No you don't Judge,"
said he, "I know the law—one dollar
for each offense, and this is the same old
drunk."

COUNTRY GALLANTRY.—Yesterday a
country merchant, while threading his
way down Broadway, to attend an auc-
tion sale, on turning the corner of Main
Lane, found a beautiful lady falling
plump into his arms. The lady had stepped
upon a bit of carelessly thrown
peach rind and not being able to regain a
fair footing, sought the nearest escape
from a fall possible under the circum-
stances. The merchant held her tight for
an instant, when she recovered herself,
and blushing like a moss-rose, stammered
out a "beg pardon."

"Oh, not at all, my dear young lady,"
said he, "I never felt so good in all my
life!" and bowing very low with his hat
in his hand, he turned suddenly away,
stuffed over a wheelbarrow, pitched into
an old woman's peach stand, and we
left him rolling amid a small ocean of
clingstones.

HOW TO OBTAIN CREDIT.—The Salem
Observer says a young man who had
been in business two or three years, was
in want of a small loan of money, from
two to three hundred dollars. He made
some inquiries, and was directed to a
worthy citizen for the needful. He ac-
cordingly called on the gentleman and
asked the favor, when the following dia-
logue took place:

"Sir, do you take a newspaper?"

"Yes, sir; the S— O—"

"Very well; call on me in a day or
two."

During the interval, the gentleman
called at the printing office, and on in-
quiry found that the applicant for the
money had paid his newspaper bill punc-
tually when due.

On the young man calling on him at
the time appointed, he said—

"You can have the money, sir, upon
your note."

MISCELLANEOUS.

For the Kentucky Tribune.
MY LOVED ONE AFAR.

A SONG—BY A. FULKERSON, JR.

TUNE—"Gallant Hussar."
Where runneth old Cumberland river,
So placidly, so proudly along,
My loved one is dwelling in beauty—
To her let me warble this song.
When she wanders alone in the evening,
While Heaven has music a-star,
All bright be the dreams of her bosom—
The dreams of my loved one afar!

Her ringlets are dark as the midnight,
That swirls in the hurricane storm,
And gentle and fair as the rainbow,
Her ever engaging young form.
Her eyes are now beaming upon me
Like memory's beautiful star,
And softly around me is falling
The voice of my loved one afar!

When darkness wraps earth in its shadow,
And folded in slumber she lies,
May the angels come down from the heavens
And sing her the songs of the skies!
When Sol in his glory advances,
Rides forth in his fiery car,
May no happier spirit awaken,
Than that of my loved one afar!

Smiles.
Fair is the smile of a beautiful girl,
When the light of love in her eyes is beaming,
And fairer the smiles a young mother gives
In answer to that of her infant dreaming.

Fair too is the smile of a gallant hero's smile,
When'er to his ear sounds of victory come;
And fairer is that of a sweet little child,
When it gleefully welcomes its father home.

And, oh! how fair, after an evening storm,
The smiles of the sun on the hill-side lying;
But more beautiful far, than all of these,
Is a tranquil smile of a Christian dying.

A Sunny Spot.
The heedless foot may press the flowers,
And odors from them bring
That, oft, in sorrow's deepest night
Falls sweetest from the wings of Spring.

If then hast dripped the dew of tears,
Pitied the orphan's lot,
Then hast thou felt, amid the gloom,
There was a sunny spot.

SMALL DEBTS:
Or, What Five Dollars Paid.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

Mr. Herriot was sitting in his office
one day, when a lad entered, and handed
him a small slip of paper. It was a bill
for five dollars, due to his shoemaker, a
poor man who lived in the next square.
"Tell Mr. Grant I will settle this soon.
It is just convenient to-day."

The boy retired.
Now Mr. Herriot had a five dollar bill
in his pocket; but he felt as if he could
not part with it. He didn't like to be en-
tirely out of money. So, acting from
this impulse, he had sent the boy away.
Very silly said Mr. Herriot for the next
five minutes; yet his thoughts were busy.
He was not altogether satisfied with him-
self. The shoemaker was a poor man,
and needed his money as soon as earned
—he was not unduly of this fact.

"I almost wish I had sent him the five
dollars," said Mr. Herriot, at length, half
audibly. "He wants it worse than I do."
He mused still farther.

"The fact is," he at length exclaimed,
starting up, "it's Grant's money, and not
mine; and what is more, he shall have it."

So saying, Herriot took up his hat and
left his office.

"Did you get the money, Charles?"
said Grant, as his boy entered the shop.
There was a good deal of earnestness in
the shoemaker's tones.

"No sir," replied the lad.
"Didn't get the money?"

"No sir."

"Wasn't Mr. Herriot in?"

"Yes sir; but he said it wasn't con-
venient to-day."

"Oh, dear! I'm sorry!" came from the
shoemaker, in a depressed voice.

A woman was sitting in Grant's shop
when the boy came in, she had now risen,
and was leaning on the counter; a
look of disappointment was in her face.
"It can't be helped, Mrs. Lee," said
Grant. "I was sure of getting the money
from him. He never disappointed me
before. Call in to-morrow, and I will
try and have it for you."

The woman looked troubled as well as
disappointed. Slowly she turned away
and left the shop. A few minutes after
her departure Herriot came in, and, after
some words of apology, paid the bill.

"Run and get this bill changed into
silver for me," said the shoemaker, to
his boy, the moment his customer had
departed.

"Now," said he, as soon as the silver
was placed in his hands, "take two dol-
lars to Mrs. Lee, and three to Mr. Weav-
er, across the street. Tell Mr. Weaver
I am obliged to him for having loaned
it to me this morning, and sorry that
I hadn't as much in the house when he
sent for it an hour ago."

"I wish I had it, Mrs. Elden. But I
assure you that I have not," said Mr.
Weaver, the tailor. "I paid out the last
dollar just before you came in. But call
in to-morrow and you shall have the money
to a certainty."

"But what am I to do to-day? I haven't
a cent to bless me with; and I owe so
much at the grocer's where I deal; that
he won't trust me for anything more."

The tailor looked troubled, and the wo-
man lingered. Just at this moment the
shoemaker's boy entered.

"Here are the three dollars Mr. Grant
borrowed of you this morning," said the
lad. "He says he's sorry he hadn't the
money when you sent for it awhile ago."

How the faces of the tailor and his
needle-woman brightened instantly, as if
a gleam of sunshine had penetrated their
room.

"Here is just the money I owe you,"
said the tailor, in a cheerful voice, and
handed the woman the three dollars he
had received. A moment after and he

was alone, but with the glad face of the
poor woman, whose need he had been
able to supply, distinct before him.

Of the three dollars received by the
needle-woman, two went to the grocer,
on account of her debt to him, half a
dollar was paid to an old needy colored
woman who had earned it by scrubbing,
and who was waiting for Mrs. Elden's re-
turn from the tailor's to get her due, and
thus be able to provide an evening and
morning's meal for herself and children.
The other half dollar was paid to the
baker when he called toward evening to
leave the accustomed loaf. Thus the
poor needle-woman had been able to dis-
charge three debts, and, at the same time
re-establish her credit with the grocer and
baker from whom came the largest por-
tion of the food consumed in her little
family.

And now let us follow Mrs. Lee. On
her arrival at home, empty handed, from
her visit to the shoemaker, who owed her
two dollars for work, she found a young
girl, in whose pale face were many marks
of suffering and care, awaiting her re-
turn.

"The girl's countenance brightened as
she came in, but there was no answering
brightness in the countenance of Mrs.
Lee, who immediately said—

"I'm very sorry, Harriet, but Mr. Grant
put me off until to-morrow. He said he
hadn't a dollar in the house."

The girl's disappointment was very
great, for the smile she had forced into
her face instantly faded, and was instantly
succeeded by a look of deep distress.

"Do you want the money very badly?"
asked Mrs. Lee, in a low, half choked
voice, for the sudden change in the girl's
manner had affected her.

"Oh, yes, ma'am, very badly. I left
Mary wrapped up in my thick shawl, and
a blanket wound all around her feet, to
keep them warm; but she was coughing
dreadfully from the cold air of the room."

"Haven't you a fire?" asked Mrs. Lee,
in a quick surprised tone.

"We have no coal. It was to buy coal
that I wanted the money."

Mrs. Lee struck her hands together,
and an expression of pain was about
passing her lips, when the door of the
room opened, and the shoemaker's boy
came in.

"Here are two dollars. Mr. Grant
sent them."

"God bless Mr. Grant!" The exclamation
from Mrs. Lee was involuntary.
On the part of Harriet, to whom one dol-
lar was due, a gust of silent tears marked
the effect this timely supply of money
produced. She seized her portion, and
without trusting her voice with words,
hurried away to supply the pressing want
at home.

A few doors from the residence of Mrs.
Lee lived a man, who, for some time ve-
fore, became involved in trouble with an
evil disposed person, and been forced to
defend himself by means of the law.—
He had employed Mr. Herriot to do what
was requisite in the case, for which ser-
vice the charge was five dollars. The
bill had been rendered a few days before,
and the man, who was poor, felt very
anxious to pay it. He had the money
all made up with the exception of one
dollar. That dollar Mrs. Lee owed him
and she had promised to give it to him
during this day. For hours he had
waited, expecting her to come in; but
now he had nearly given her up. There
was another little bill of three dollars
which had been sent him, and he had
just concluded to go and pay that, when
Mrs. Lee called with the balance
of the money, one dollar, which she had
received from the shoemaker, Grant.

Half an hour later and the pocket
book of Mr. Herriot was no longer empty.
His client had called and paid his bill.—
The five dollars had come back to him.

THE BARISTERS AND THE WITNESS.—
There is a point beyond which human
forbearance cannot go, and the most even
of tempers will become ruffled at times.
At the assizes held during the past year at
Lincoln England, both judge and coun-
sel had much trouble to make the timid
witnesses upon a trial speak sufficiently
loud so as to be heard by the jury, and it
is possible that the temper of the counsel
may thereby have been turned aside from
the even tenor of its way. Before the
gentlemen had gone through the various
stages of bar pleading, and had coaxed,
threatened and even bullied witnesses
there was called into the box a young os-
ter, who appeared to be simplicity per-
sonified.

"Now," said the counsel, in a tone that
at any other time would have been de-
nounced as vulgarly loud, "I hope we
shall have no difficulty in making you
speak up."

"I hope not, sir," was shouted or rather
bellowed out by the witness, in tones
which almost shook the building, and
would certainly have alarmed any timid
or nervous lady.

"How dare you speak in that way, sir?"
said the counsel.

"Please zur, I can't speak any louder,"
said the astonished witness, attempting to
speak louder than before, evidently think-
ing the fault to be in his speaking too
softly.

"Pray, have you been drinking this
morning?" shouted the counsel, who had
now thoroughly lost the last remnant of
his temper.

"Yes, zur," was the reply.

"And what have you been drinking?"

"Coffee, zur."

"And what did you have in your coffee,
sir?" shouted the exasperated counsel.

"A spune, zur," innocently shouted
the witness, in his highest key, amidst
the roars of the whole court—excepting
only the now thoroughly wild counsel,
who flung down his brief, and rushed out
of the court.

DICK DAILY'S STUMP SPEECH.—Feller
Citizens: This is a day for the popera-
tion of Boonville, like a bob-tailed pullet
on a rickety hen-roost, to be looked up
at. A crisis have arisen—an something's
bust! Where are we? Here I is, and I'd
stand here and expire from now till the
day of synagogues, if you'd whop for
Daily. Feller citizens—Jerusalem's to
pay, and we haint got any pich. Our
hyperbolic and majestic canal of crea-
tion has onshipped her rudder, and the
Capt'n's broke his neck, and the cook's
div to the depths of the vasy deep, in
search of dimuns! Our wigwam's torn
to pieces, like a shirt on a brush fence,
and isty of these are latitudes (a van-
ishin in a blue flame! Are such things
to be did! I ask you in the name of the
American Eagle, who whipped the shag-
gy-headed Lion of Great Britain, and now
sits a roostin on the magnetic telegraph,
if sich doins is a goin to be conglumated!

I repeat to you in the name of o'er the
peacock of liberty when he's down in o'er the
cloud capped summits of the Rocky
Mountains, if we goin extemporaneously
bioggyoged in this fashion?

"Oh, answer me!"

"Let me not bust in ignorance!"

as Shakespeare says. Shall we be bam-
boozled with sich unmitigated ondu-
ciousness? Meckicks I hear you yelp—

"No, sir—hoss!" Then "lect me to
Congress, and there will be a revolution."

Feller citizens—If I was standin on the
adamantine throne of Jubilee, and the
lightnings was a clashin around me, I'd
continue to spout! I'm full of the bilin
lather of Mount Etny, and I won't be
quenched! I've sprung a leak, and must
howl like a bear with a sore head. Flop
thru! Feller citizens—You know me,
and rip my lungs out with a nail-grab if
I wouldn't stick to yer like brick-dust to
a bar of soap. Where's my opponent?

"—no where! He aint a cat-bird in a gar-
ret to me! I was brought up among ye,
feller citizens, and he was papped in a
school house, but he cant get me with
his 'faluin words. Hiccup, stricium,
albroanto, camp, Brazel, Tagloony,
and Baffin's Day! What do you think
o' that!"

"Go it Porky—root hog, or d—e!"

as Shakespeare said when Cesar stabbed
him in the House of Representatives.

Feller citizens—"Lect me to Congress,
and I'll abolish mad dogs, muskeeters and
bad cents, and go in for the teetotal anni-
hilation of niggers, camp-meetings, and
jails. I'll repudiate crows, and dustify
hen hawks. I'll have barn raisins evry
day—Sundays excepted—and licker ex-
cepted to swim a skunk. Yes, feller citi-
zens, elect me to Congress, and I shall
be led to exclaim in the sublime—the
terrible language of Bonyparte, when
preachin in the wilderness—

"Richard's himself again!"

On, then, onward to the polls—"gal-
lop apack, fiery footed steeds," and make
the welkin tremble with anti-spasmodic
yells for Daily. Cock yer muskets—
I'm comin—

"Hence ye, Brutus, broad-axe and glory!"
Let's licker!

WIT OF THE PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANTS.—
An excellent story is told here, which
I have not yet seen in print. During the
recent great fair at Rochester, a number
of gentlemen met at a dinner party there,
and among the galaxy of bright particu-
lar stars was the distinguished orator
of the day, Stephen A. Douglas, and the
distinguished ex-Secretary of War, Gov.
Marcy. The wit and the wine flew apack,
and at length Governor Marcy, with one
of those knowing looks of his, arose and
proposed "the health of Mr. Douglas, the
able Senator from Illinois—may he con-
tinue for the next six years to fill his
place in the Senate, which he has al-
ready so much graced." The meaning
of the sally was evident, and Marcy's
eyes twinkled with delight at the "hit."

Nicely abashed, however, "the little gig-
gle" straightened himself out, and after
returning thanks, concluded by giving
"the distinguished ex-Secretary of War,
Governor Marcy, with not a spot on his
character, and but one patch on his
breeches." Peals of laughter succeeded
the happy retort, shortly after which the
Governor was missing.—N. York Her-
ald.

"OH, VERY DEAR!"—A stranger dis-
mounted at the door of the Hotel,
and gave his horse to the officious waiter.
The bar-keeper bustled around, and o-
pened the register to receive his name.

"You are right," said the stranger, "a
single room would be more agreeable,"
and he walked into the supper room,
which the crowd of boarders were pass-
ing. The bar-keeper ran after him, and
screaming in his ear—

"What name did you say?"

"Thank you," said he, "I can find the
way—don't put yourself to any trouble,
sir."

On his return to the bar-room, a wait-
er took up his saddle-bags, and told the
deaf stranger he would show him to his
room.

"My friend, who will spend the even-
ing with me, prefers pale sherry," said
he. "You may send up a bottle and a
few cigars."

"I did not," said the bar-keeper exact-
ly understand your name?"

"Yes; I think a little ice would im-
prove the wine," was the answer. "And
now I think of it, you may put the bottle
in a wine cooler." His friend now join-
ed him, and they walked to the room to-
gether. The deaf lodger patronized the
house to the extent of another bottle be-
fore he slept. The waiter, who brought
it up, ventured once more to inquire his
name.

"No; nothing more," said he, "except
a slice of cold ham, a pickle, and a little

bread and cheese." The next morning
after breakfast, when the stranger's horse
was at the door, he asked for his bill.—
He was told it was six dollars and three
quarters. "You are very kind," said he,
"I had expected to pay you, but if this is
your custom, to charge nothing for it—
all my friends in Springfield will certain-
ly give you at least one call, when they
come into the city—good morning."

"I would thank you to pay your bill
before you go!" screamed the bar-keep-
er, almost out of breath.

"I am obliged to you," said the deaf
gentleman. "I can put them on," and
he took up his saddle-bags and departed.
As he mounted, the bystanders began to
laugh immoderately, at the awkward em-
barrassment which afflicted the bar-keep-
er, who was in despair, while he bewailed
after the delinquent, who continued bow-
ing and repeating his assurances that he
would certainly remember the accommo-
dations, civility, and liberality of the
house, and recommend it to all his friends
who might pass through the city. The
gentleman who so well affected deafness,
was the wagger he had staked on the suc-
cess of his scheme, and paid his bill the
next time he visited the city.

LAW ANECDOTE.—The following is a
literal extract of a deposition in the Irish
Court of Common Pleas:

"And this deponent further saith, that,
on arriving at the house of said defendant
situated in the county of Galway afore-
said, for the purpose of personally serv-
ing him with said writ, he, said depon-
ent, knocked three or four times at the
outer, commonly called the hall door, but
could not obtain admittance; whereupon
this deponent was proceeding to knock
the fourth time, when a man to this depon-
ent unknown, holding in his hand a
musket or blunderbuss, loaded with balls
or slugs, as this deponent has since heard
and verily believes, appeared at one of
the upper windows of said house, and
presenting said musket or blunderbuss at
this deponent, said, that if said deponent
did not instantly retire he would send
his, deponent's soul to —, which the de-
ponent verily believes he would have
done, had not this deponent precipitately
escaped."

A BRIGHT ONE.—"James," said a
schoolmaster to a pupil, after the morn-
ing chapter had been read in the school:
"James, we have read this morning that
Noah had three sons, Shem, Ham, and
Japheth; now, James, will you tell us
who was the father of Shem, Ham, and
Japheth?"

"Sir," said James, inquiringly.

"Why, James," answered the teacher,
"you have seen that Noah had three
sons, and that their names were Shem,
Ham, and Japheth. These were Noah's
sons, James. Now, who was the father
of Shem, Ham, and Japheth?"

"Sir," said James, dubiously ponder-
ing the full import of the query.

"Why, James," said the preceptor,
"don't you know who the father of Shem,
Ham, and Japheth was, after I've told
you so much?"

"No sir—I dun know."

"You are very dull, James—very!
You know Mr. Smith, don't you, that lives
next to your house?"

"Sartin, sir!—Bill and Jo Smith and
me play together. Bill took my cross-
bow, and owes me—"

"Very well; Mr. Smith has three boys,
William, Joseph, and Henry. Who is
the father of William, Joseph, and Hen-
ry Smith?"

"Mr. Smith!" exclaimed James, in-
stantly. "Mr. Smith? guess I know that!"

"Certainly, James. Very well, then.
Now, this is exactly the same thing. You
see, as we have been reading, that Noah
had three sons, like Mr. Smith; but their
names were Shem, Ham, and Japheth.
Now, who was the father of Noah's three
sons?"

James hesitated a minute, with his fin-
ger in his mouth; and then, as if the dif-
ficult question had been suddenly solved
in his mind, he exclaimed:

"I know now, Mr. Smith!"

MORE DENTISTRY.—A country prac-
titioner learning that the customary price
in Boston for extracting a tooth was one
dollar, he expressed great surprise, any-
thing that with them one-quarter of that
sum was the customary charge, which be-
lieving thought very exorbitant, they were
obliged to take less, while sometimes
they were not even paid at all, and gave
an instance as follows:

Stepping into his chaise one day, he
was hailed by a giant of a fellow, with
his face bandaged up, who desired to have
a tooth drawn. Being in a great hurry,
the Professor told him he must wait, and
he would do it on his return, but the fel-
low declared it must be done then, and
wouldn't take 'no' for an answer. Upon
condition that he would make no trouble,
and have it out without any words, the
Professor alighted and entered his office
with him. Seated in the chair and the
Professor just about to apply the instru-
ment, the fellow cried out—"Stop! Stop!
Doctor, what do you charge?" On being
told twenty-five cents, he leaped to his
feet, and swore it was an imposition, and
an attempt to take advantage of his mis-
fortune; it was as much as he could earn
to work all day—he said he wouldn't pay
twelve-and-a-half cents, for that was
all he paid Dr. — to take out one,
he had to pull him all 'round the room to
do it then. In a hurry to get away, the
Professor acceded to the reduced rate,
and raised his hand to perform the opera-
tion, when the fellow bawled out: "Stop!
Stop! Doctor, will it hurt?" The Pro-
fessor assured him it would, promising if
it did not he wouldn't charge him a cent,
and then applied the extractor. He soon

found that the tooth was so large, and
the jaw so very powerful, that the extra
torque he had intended for his victim, by
way of giving him his money's worth,
was entirely unnecessary, as it required
several efforts with the extreme of his
strength before

THE TRIBUNE.

Continued from the Frankfort papers.
KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 26,
SENATE.

Mr. McHenry, from the Judiciary committee, reported a bill to amend an act to regulate the retailing of ardent spirits, with an amendment: amendment adopted, and bill passed into the orders of the day.

Mr. Gordon moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate refused to order the bill to suppress the practice of gambling to a third reading.

Mr. Shaheen called for the yeas and nays, which stood, yeas 21, nays 3. The vote was reconsidered and the bill referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

A resolution to "keep" Thanksgiving day was adopted by the Senate.

The resolution offered by Mr. Hove, of Mercer, to postpone the election of U. S. Senator until the session of the next Legislature, came up. The resolution was approved by Mr. Irwin, and advocated by Mr. Hardin. Pending the consideration, a message was received from the House of Representatives announcing that a resolution had passed that body postponing the election of Senator until the 11th of December.

Mr. McHenry moved to amend the resolution so as to postpone the election till the 11th of December.

Mr. Irwin called for the yeas and nays, which stood, yeas 16, nays 19. So the amendment was rejected.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Anderson, from the committee on Claims, reported the bill from the Senate for the benefit of Mr. Pruden, with an amendment. (The amendment proposed to pay Mr. Pruden \$2,000 instead of \$2,500, as embraced in the Senate bill.)

Mr. Williamson proposed to amend the committee's amendment, by striking out \$2,000 and inserting \$1,500. The motion was rejected.

The motion to strike out and insert \$1,500 prevailed by a vote of 78 yeas to 17 nays. The bill then passed by yeas 86, nays 6.

Mr. McKee, from the committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill to charter the Lexington and Cumberland railroad company; the bill was referred to the committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. Sheppard, from the Judiciary committee, asked to be discharged from leave to bring in a bill to provide for a geological survey; discharged, and leave referred to committee on Education.

After considerable debate, the House adopted a resolution postponing the election of U. S. Senator until the 11th day of December—yeas 51, nays 47.

Mr. Shippard offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

That when this House adjourns to-day it adjourn till Friday, the 29th inst.

THURSDAY, Nov. 26,
SENATE.

Mr. McHenry reported a bill for the benefit of married women, with the opinion that it ought not to pass.

Mr. McHenry supported the report of the committee to agree length. He was opposed to the principle of creating two laws to reach family, and making them entirely independent of the father. On the contrary he believed that the act already taken by the legislature in this matter was substantially wrong, and he was opposed to any further action on the subject.

On motion of Mr. Preston, the bill was made a special order for the 2d of December.

The clerk then announced Mr. Hove's resolution, postponing the election of U. S. Senator for the present session, and the yeas and nays being taken thereon, stood, yeas 23, nays 14.

Mr. Hove was appointed to convey the resolution to the U. S. Senator.

Resolution from the U. S. Senator postponing the election of U. S. Senator until the 11th of December next.

On motion of Mr. Preston, the previous question was ordered, and the yeas and nays being taken on the passage of the resolution, stood yeas 19, nays 13.

A bill to amend an act entitled, an act to regulate the retailing of ardent spirits. The yeas and nays being taken on the passage of the bill stood—yeas 20, nays 13.

HOUSE.

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Senator Preston, announcing their concurrence in the resolution of this House postponing the election of U. S. Senator to the 11th day of December.

The resolution from the Senate postponing the election of Senator until the next session of the Legislature came up to the orders of the day.

Mr. Anderson moved to lay said resolution on the table, and the yeas and nays being called on this motion, stood, yeas 60, nays 40.

So the resolution was laid on the table.

Mr. Winters moved that when the House adjourns to-day, it adjourn to meet again on Monday—to give the visiting communities time to visit the Benevolent Institution; which motion was adopted.

THURSDAY, Nov. 29,
SENATE.

Mr. Hardin, from the committee on Finance, reported upon the petition asking appropriations of money for the purpose of colonizing the free blacks of this Commonwealth, with the opinion that they should be rejected. Opinion concurred in.

Mr. Hardin, from the same committee, reported a bill from the House for the benefit of Mr. Pruden and others.

Mr. Pruden \$2,500 for the block of marble for the Washington Monument.

No other business of general interest occupied the Senate.

The House was not in session.

Consistent, with the opinion that it ought not to pass: passed into the orders of the day.

A bill authorizing free banking in this Commonwealth; referred to the committee on Banks.

TUESDAY, Dec. 2,
SENATE.

Mr. McHenry, from the committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill increasing the jurisdiction of Magistrates; passed into the orders of the day.

Mr. Gordon offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Propositions and Grievances, be instructed to take into consideration the propriety or expediency of changing the meeting of the General Assembly to the first Monday in October.

Mr. G. offered another resolution which was rejected, that the committee on Finance be instructed to consider the propriety and expediency of changing the fiscal year, so as to make the same end on the 31st of September in each year.

Mr. Haley offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the committee on Congressional Districts, be instructed to report a bill dividing the State into ten districts, on or before the 10th inst.

HOUSE.

After disposing of much business, principally of a local character, the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, on the bill to extend the Mechanics Lien Law to all the counties of this State. Mr. Muehlen in the chair.

After a protracted debate the committee rose, reported progress, and asked and obtained leave to sit again.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.
SENATE.—The Senate opened at 12 M., by an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Mr. Butler.

All the Senators were present, except Messrs. B. Albany, Hunter, Stockton, Sebastian, Mangum, Balger, Butler, Rhet, Jeff Davis, Scales, Owens, Bell, Jones, of Tenn., Douglass, Baran, Houston, and Rusk.

The credentials of new members were then presented by various Senators and the oaths as prescribed by the Constitution were administered.

Then the certificate from Florida, of the election of Stephen R. Mallory, as Senator from the 10th of March last, was presented by Mr. Webster. He also presented a copy of the journal of the Legislature of Florida with a record of his having been elected. The two papers having been read, the clerk said it was a question for the Senate to decide upon whether the papers presented entitled to a seat.

Mr. Bright moved the reference of the papers to select committee, on which considerable debate ensued in which Messrs. Clay, Foster, and others took part. Finally Mr. Bright withdrew his motion, and Mr. Mallory was admitted to a seat. Subsequently the papers were referred to a committee, to be selected to-morrow.

HOUSE.—The House of Representatives met at 12 o'clock—218 members were present.

Mr. J. Jones, of Tenn., nominated Mr. Boyd, of Ky., as the congressional candidate for Speaker, and as such said he should support him.

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, nominated Thaddeus Stevens, of Pa., as a good Whig.

Upon these nominations a spirited debate ensued involving the soundness of the Whigs and Democrats upon the compromise question. The House then proceeded to ballot for Speaker.

Upwards of twenty candidates for Speaker were voted for.

Linn Boyd received 113 out of 212 yeas cast, and was declared elected. (He was conducted to the chair and made a short speech.)

The members were then sworn in.

The House then proceeded to ballot for Clerk. J. W. Forney received 129 votes, and all the others 70. Forney, thereupon, was declared elected.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.
SENATE.—The Senate met at 12 M.

Mr. Foster gave notice that he would introduce a joint resolution expressing sympathy for the exiled Irish patriots, Smith O'Brien, Meagher, and their companions.

The message of the President was received at half past 1 P. M., and after its reading, on motion of Mr. Pierce, 100,000 extra copies were ordered to be printed with the accompanying documents.

Mr. Foster introduced a resolution for a joint committee of the two Houses, to make arrangements for the reception and entertainment of Kosuth.

Mr. Foster gave notice that he should, on to-morrow, offer a resolution declaring the measure of the "adjournment" of last Congress a definite settlement of the question growing out of the system of domestic slavery.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House met at 11 A. M.

A debate arose upon a resolution to furnish the members with newspapers.

The whole subject of extravagance and economy was treated at length. Finally, it was agreed to allow to each member \$30 worth of newspapers.

The message of the President was received at half past 1 P. M., and read.

On motion of Mr. Bailey, the usual number of copies and 15,000 extra, with the accompanying documents, were ordered to be printed.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

New York, Nov. 29.

The steamer Cherokee, from Chagres, arrived to-day. She had dates from San Francisco to Nov. 1st, and had \$1,952,000 gold and silver, and \$313,900 in the hands of passengers. She also brings the California mails.

In reference to the charge against Capt. Waterman, most of the papers doubt them. The Courier denounces Capt. W. in the strongest terms, and demands to know the facts of nine of his men, four of whom it is said were stolen from the ship, and five of whom it is said were killed.

Some say that the charge is a hoax, and that the ship was not stolen from. Others say that the charge is a hoax, and that the ship was not stolen from.

val, and a great crowd assembled at the wharf and boarded her as soon as she touched. The mate made a narrow escape of his life in a boat.

The Courier says they heard that Capt. W. was arrested on the 5th. The Herald and Alta California, without even allowing the reported deaths to have occurred, say they have been assured no more punishment had been inflicted than was necessary to maintain the discipline of the sailors.

The accounts from the mining districts continue most favorable. New discoveries of gold are constantly being made. The reports that the rainy season had set in is wholly unfounded. The weather on the contrary continues favorable for mining operations.

The agricultural interests are prosperous.

The division of the State is daily assuming more importance. A convention met at Santa Barbara, Oct. 20th Don Jose Antonio Carrillo of Los Angeles was elected President. A great diversity of opinion prevailed in the convention and after a session of three days adjourned, by passing several resolutions by a small majority, one of which designates the line of division for the Southern territory to commence at a point not further North than the N. W. line of Santa Clara county and not further South than the northern boundary of Monterey.

The market has been inanimate owing to the extreme fine weather and large crops, there being no speculative demand, and the business done is at a small profit. The market continues unstocked. Boots and Shoes are abundant. Holders of Flour look confidently to an advance. Corn and Hops are in good supply. Clothing is doing better, stock heavy. Nothing short of an expert demand for Coffee can relieve the market. Sales of lumber moderate, prices steady. Oils are in great request. Hams meet ready sale at rather lower prices. Pork is dull. Good Butter is in demand. Lard has improved and tends upward. Candles are heavy. Dry Goods unchanged.

The Alta California says the state of the market is such that close quotations are out of the question. Clean gold is \$17. Money rates range from 3/4 to 1/2 cent. Exchange, San Francisco is lower. Merchants on New York—Sight 2 1/2 cent premium.

In Sacramento the business prospects are decidedly more favorable. Winter clothing has advanced 25 per cent. Bricks are in good demand. Liqueurs are much lower. Metals are doing rather better. Tobacco is a difficult sale.

EDITOR AND PATRON.—There is so much good sense in the following remarks, taken from the Eastern (Maine). Argues that we can not forego the temptation to let our readers enjoy the perusal of the article. The editor says:

It is good to be temperate in all things—even in one's judgment of newspapers. Yet some times this temperate judgment seems sadly wanting. While there are differences of opinion in the world, an editor may always expect to hear his paper and himself occasionally denounced, either by those who are thoughtful of his position, or by those who are not.

This reader thinks he has too much politics, and that one too much miscellany. And that one too much about slavery, and that one too much about the liquor law, and would like to see the paper loaded with articles supporting it. And that one opposes the law, and gets enraged whenever he sees an article in its defense. It is Franklin's old story over again, of the hatter's sign, which was so changed to suit the various criticisms of the hatter's friend, that finally there was nothing left of it but the plain unlettered board. No newspaper was ever yet published which satisfied every one; and however carefully prepared it may be, there are usually some who will growl at it, after reading it, and declare there's nothing in it. They will generally look out, though, for the next number to see if there's nothing in that line. But after all, every sensible man will feel, upon reflection, that to censure a newspaper because it sometimes contains an article that is not to his taste, is hardly just. The article will suit somebody else, if not him; and in the same sheet he may find several articles which exactly suit him but do not suit his neighbor. If, on the whole the influence of the paper is for good, and he approves of its general subject, let him not complain because it occasionally gives all its readers a fair chance.

The Washington correspondent of the Richmond (Va.) Whig, in his letter of the 9th inst., speaks as follows of the state of affairs then existing at the Capital:

"All is exceedingly quiet here. This is a very calm administration. The men themselves are old and sturdy sailors, who have seen many a blow, and whether it be fair weather or foul, always 'have their hand to the wheel,' and handle their vessel right, let all be smooth, or let it 'blow great guns.' A better commander, too, than they have, has seldom trod a quarter-deck. His coolness, his mental, and his seamanship are such as inspire confidence in the officers and crew alike, and keep everything right and trim, from stem to stern, and from keel to top gallant mast peak."

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—ATROCIOUS VIOLENCE.—As the passenger train of cars from Franklin were on their way down Friday evening, the locomotive was thrown from the track when about three miles this side of Logansport, by running over a heavy T rail that had been laid across the track by some malicious villain. On examination, it was discovered that a short distance further on, a heavy log had been rolled across the track, and still further on, some fence rails were so placed they would have torn the cars to pieces or thrown them from the track. The locomotive was not seriously injured, and the passenger cars were not thrown off. The passengers returned to Logansport, where they remained all night, and the track having in the meantime been cleared, the train arrived here at noon Saturday.

We understand that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, a reward of \$500 was offered for the arrest of the perpetrators of the outrage.—*Log. Cour. 1st.*

HON. J. L. BRIDGES.—This gentleman is decidedly a popular Judge, and deservedly so. We clip the following notice of his recent Court in Garrard county, from the Banner of last week:

The November term of the Garrard Circuit Court closed on Saturday last, at 10 o'clock A. M., and our able and accomplished Judge, J. L. Bridges, left us apparently as active and vigorous as he was at the commencement of the session. Although Judge B. is now upwards of seventy years of age, and has been forty years upon the bench, he opens his Court regularly at 8 o'clock in the morning, and closes at five in the evening. We have been informed that during the two weeks term referred to, there has been a greater amount of business dispatched, than at any previous term of the Court.

In addition to a multitude of Common Law Suits, a large number of old chancery cases, which have been standing on the docket for many years have been heard and determined to the gratification of lawyers, litigants, and the officers of the Court. Judge Bridges is truly a working man, and disposes of business with greater ease and facility than perhaps any other Judge in Kentucky. His prominent qualifications for the office, are well known to the public, and his election in May last, was convincing proof that the people in selecting Judges were not to be caught by demagogues.

WE find the following communication in the Lexington Observer and Reporter of last week. The wrongs of which the correspondent complains should be speedily attended to, and we hope that, at least so far as the road from this place to Lexington is concerned, those whose duty it is, will immediately see to it:

Mr. Editor:—It is time for the attention of the public to be awakened to the many encroachments that have been made on the Danville and Mayville Turnpike roads. The subject is of very great importance, when we consider that these encroachments are entirely illegal, besides rendering the roads highly dangerous, by the moving out of fences, and building out of stone walls. The Danville road, particularly, will soon be narrowed to a mere lane in some places, and in the event of horses starting attached to any vehicle, escape would be almost impossible. By referring to the charters of the roads, we find that the Mayville road was surveyed at sixty feet, and the Danville at fifty. They were designed for the growing of shade trees on either side for use and for ornament. Now it is right that the law should be disregarded and the lives of travelers thus endangered on a road which demands from them a toll for its use! Should not the members of the Legislature be acquainted with these facts, and is it not their duty to protect the public against these infringements. A SUBSCRIBER.

THE BOMB SHELL LINE.—Somebody speaking of the hurrying propensities of Yankees, says:

"If a mortar could be constructed, which would throw an immense bomb-shell, containing fifteen passengers, from St. Louis to Boston in five minutes, with an absolute certainty that fourteen out of the fifteen would be killed by the explosion, tickets for state rooms by the 'Express Bomb-shell Line,' would at once be at a premium; each passenger being anxious for the chance to prove himself the 'lucky fifteenth.'"

An English paper speaking of Brother Jonathan, says:

The waist of his coat may be ridiculously short; the tail of it ridiculously long; his shirt collar may absorb the produce of a whole field of flax; his pantaloons may not come below the top of his boots; and his straps may look as though they were intended to prevent the pants from going over his head; he may be, in short, the most unrepresentable man you can conceive of; but beneath the uncomeliness of his dress and the awkwardness of his manner, there is such a man, and such a soul, as only Yankeeedom and the 19th century can produce.

LARD CANDLES.—John M. Hoisington, of Greenbush, Illinois, gives the following receipt in the New England Farmer, for making candles from lard.

To twelve cases (or pounds) of lard, add one part alum and saltpetre; dissolve the alum and saltpetre in water; put the whole in some convenient vessel, over a slow fire, until the water is evaporated, stirring the mixture so as to prevent the alum and saltpetre from settling at the bottom. Then mould your candles, and you will never want to use a lamp about your house again.

Thanksgiving Day.

1 Bbl. Fresh Cranberries;
50 lbs. Fresh Citron;
1 Bbl. Fresh Zante Currants;
1 box Fresh Maccaroni;
1 Bbl. Sugar cured Beef Tongues;
10 boxes extra fine Raisins;
75 " extra fine Sardines;
36 bottles extra fine Pickles;
40 " Brandy Peaches;
20 fine old Bacon Hams;

Received this day and for sale at our usual low prices for cash.

JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

Eggs! Butter! Butter! Eggs!

Cash for EGGS and BUTTER.

The subscriber is giving the HIGHEST market price, in Cash, for Eggs and Butter. All who have such articles to sell will find it decidedly to their interest to give me a call; at Confectionery establishment, opposite the Tribune Printing Office.

T. J. SHINDLEBOWER.

Nov 21, '51

\$20 REWARD.

STOLEN from my premises, in Danville, a few nights since, a POINTER DOG, about 6 months old, of a brown color, with white specks on his legs and around his neck. He is of fine stock and valuable. I will give Twenty Dollars for the delivery of the Dog and Thief to me in Danville.

S. F. SOUTHERN.

N. B.—All persons are warned not to carry away or decoy my Dog from my premises, as I am determined to prosecute every offence of the kind with the utmost vigour of the law.

Nov 14, '51

S. F. SOUTHERN.

RECALLERS' Concentrated Extract of Jamaica Ginger, for sale by

Nov 7, '51

R. A. WATTS.

VERY VALUABLE

Boyle County Farm,
And other Property for Sale!

I WISH to sell MY FARM, near Danville, in Boyle county.

Containing 290 Acres of fine Land. And adjoining the lands of Mr. Wm. Craig, Mr. John Thompson and Col. Thomas Barnes.

This place is in fine condition; 150 Acres in first rate blue grass, 60 of which is well timbered; 39 acres in clover, and the remainder being in small grain the present year. This establishment of 45 acres in corn. This is believed to be one of the best adapted places for Stock raising in the county, having upon it some half dozen never-failing Springs, so distributed as to furnish water for every pasture and field. The land is well adapted to the growth of Hemp.

I wish also to sell

My Residence in Danville.

It is near the centre of business. The House is a two story frame, nearly new, with 8 rooms; first rate Out Buildings; a Well at all times affording an abundance of good water; and an excellent new Cistern in the yard; a variety of Fruits carefully selected. The Lot contains Two Acres of ground. Also,

A Tract of 8000 Acres, And a House on Third Street, Near Main, in Danville.

On Wednesday, December 10, 1851,

I will sell publicly, at my residence, in Danville, MY STOCK,

Consisting of Horses, Cattle, and a small lot of Select Filly Mule Cattle.

One thorough-bred Bull,

"Six Greggs," by imported Eclipse, and out of "Racine," by Vermont 3d; her dam imported Mendocino;

A Cart and Oxen; Farming Utensils; Corn, Cattle, &c.

Should the Farm and House not be sold privately before the above date, they will be sold publicly at THAT TIME. Possession will be given by the 15th of February. Persons wishing good property will do well to attend this sale, as I have purchased in Tennessee and am determined to sell.

C. H. ROCHESTER.

Danville, 14, '51

THE Tri-Weekly Yeoman and Commonwealth, Lexington Statesman and Observer, Georgetown Herald and Richmond Chronicle will insert the above until the day of sale, and forward their accounts to C. H. R.

Oysters, Sardines, and Butter Biscuits.

A FRESH supply just received by

JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

Maccaroni.

ONE box superior fresh Maccaroni just received by

JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

Nov 11

Bacon—Bacon!

WE have about 50 beautiful well cured Hams and Sides for sale.

JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

Nov 14

FAMILIES who are particular to have a choice and superior article of Flour, may always rely upon finding it at the store of the subscriber, Main street, and at fair rates.

JOHN WILSON.

Nov 14

\$10 REWARD—DOG STOLEN.

STOLEN from the undersigned, in Stanford, Lincoln county, on Monday, 3d day of November, '51, a fine SKIFFER SLUT, white, with large liver colored spots and a scar on one ear; inclined to be shaggy. We will give \$5 of the above reward for said slut, and \$4 for legal information as to who was the Thief.

HOCKER & PARSONS.

Stanford, Nov 11, '51

A 4 or 6 horse Wagon and Horses for sale, cheap!

Nov 7 Apply at THIS OFFICE.

5,000 SPOTTED REGALIAS, in store and for sale by

J. L. SMITH.

Oct 21

FRESH ARRIVAL

At the Model Family Grocery!

In addition to our former stock, we have just received the following:

A supply of excellent N. O. Sugar, Rio Coffee, Pressed Tallow, Star and Spinal Candles, chewing Tobacco, Nails, etc. etc.

FRESH PEACHES.

PUT up in cans, just received by

BARBEE & GORE.

OYSTERS AND SARDINES

A FRESH lot of Oysters and Spiced Oysters just received at the Model Family Grocery and Confectionery. Also, Sardines, in 1/2 and 1/4 cans—a new article.

BARBEE & GORE.

Oct 21

CREAM CHEESE.

THOSE who called to obtain this article during the temporary exhaustion of our supply, can now be supplied.

BARBEE & GORE.

Nov 4

FRESH LAYER Raisins, new crop.

We have received the first arrival of the fall and winter preserved fruit, in the way of large, fine and delicious Layer Raisins. Parties and Weddings can be supplied by calling at the Model Family Grocery of

Nov 14

BARBEE & GORE

This is the Season.

ON hand, and for sale, 25 SAUSAGE CUTTERS—a new and superior article. Call and see them.

G. A. ARMSTRONG

Nov 4

Bacon—Bacon.

A SMALL lot of first-rate Bacon in store and for sale by

NOV 14 CALDWELL & SHACK

THE TRIBUNE.

For Housekeepers.—A short needle makes the most expedition in plain sewing. People in general are not aware how very essential to the health of their inmates is the free admission of light into their houses.

Sitting to sew by candle light at a table with a dark cloth on it is injurious to the eyesight. When no other remedy presents itself, put a sheet of white paper before you.

People very commonly complain of indigestion; how can it be wondered at, when they see, by their habit of allowing their food to become cold, that they are not getting the food they are provided with.

Never allow your servants to put wiped knives on your table, for, generally speaking, you may see that they have been wiped with a dirty cloth. If a knife is brightly cleaned, they are compelled to use a clean cloth.

There is nothing gained in economy by having very young and inexperienced servants at low wages, they break, waste, and destroy more than equivalent for higher wages, setting aside comfort.

Why is Graham bread like a popular song? Because it is "Coming through the Rye!" is anybody but?

Why is a true and faithful friend like garden seed? Because you never know the full value of either until they are put under ground.

Why are hops the most intelligent animals? Because they nose (know) everything! Any boy knows that.

FRESH SUPPLY!

Fall and Winter Dry Goods!

D. A. RUSSELL, respectfully calls the attention of his friends and the public generally to the large supply of Fall and Winter Dry Goods, for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children, consisting in part of:

Ladies' Dress Goods, of the latest and most fashionable styles.

A large assortment of superior Dress Silks, Shawls, Scarves, Mulls, &c. &c.

Clothes, Cassimeres, and Vestings.

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes.

A large and general assortment of Hardware, among which are some superior sets of balance heavy-handed Knives and Forks, and a full supply of Saddle Hardware, Saws, Padlocks, and every description of Leather in their line; also, Saddle Trees of every description.

A large supply of Travelling Trunks, some of them of superior quality.

Knives, Cutlery, Iron and Steel, of all descriptions.

Greenhouses of every description.

Purchasers are requested to call and examine his stock before purchasing, as he is satisfied that he will be able to give satisfaction in both quality and price.

D. A. RUSSELL.

Oct 2, '51

NEW STOCK!

Fall and Winter Dry Goods!

Caldwell & Shackelford

ARE now in receipt of their heavy Fall and Winter Dry Goods, consisting in part of:

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS;

HATS & CAPS; BOOTS & SHOES;

And every other article in their line suitable for fall and winter use.

We have paid particular attention to the selection of

Dress Goods, and the Ladies will find in our large stock the latest and most desirable styles that have been introduced into the Eastern markets. Our stock of Ribbons and Fancy Goods is also complete.

For Gentlemen's Wear, we have a large supply of the most fashionable Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

Our entire stock has been selected with great care, and purchasers are invited to call and examine for themselves.

CALDWELL & SHACKELFORD.

Sept 18, 1851

New Style Dress Goods!

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the Ladies to his large and elegant stock of new style

DRESS GOODS,

including all the latest, handsomest and most admired patterns, suitable for this and the approaching seasons. He invites everybody to call and see, whether they wish to purchase or not.

47 Bowdoin, he has removed to the old Bowdoin House, which he has fitted up in the best style. His stock of Goods is now complete, and he has everything suitable for Fall and Winter Wear.

G. A. ARMSTRONG.

Sept 28, 1851

Very Desirable

Tavern Property for Sale.

THE undersigned wishes to sell at private sale, the most excellent and desirable property situated in Perryville, Boyle county, Ky., and occupied by him for many years past, and well known as Fulkerson's Tavern Stand. The property is situated immediately at the junction of the Louisville and Perryville and Harrodsburg and Perryville roads, within the limits of Perryville. It contains all the necessary buildings and arrangements for a Public House, such as several fine lots for stock, &c., fine Stables, and out-houses of all kinds necessary. It is well watered, being situated immediately on Chaplin Creek. There is between four and five acres of ground attached to the property, and well suited for Stock Lots or other any kind desired.

The subscriber being unable, owing to his health, to properly attend to his business, he will sell the same on reasonable terms and credit. He will give possession at any time within one month after sale. He invites all who wish to purchase property of the character of this well-known Tavern House, to call and examine for themselves.

A. FULKERSON, Sr.

Perryville, June 13, '51

5,000 PRINCIPLES

in store and for sale by

J. L. SMITH, Danville.

SUGAR.

GOOD Brown Sugar just received and for sale at the New Confectionery, opposite the Tribune Office.

may 23

T. J. SHINDLEROWER.

25,000 Shingles.

I HAVE on hand about 25,000 excellent Poplar and Chestnut Shingles for sale

at 12

JAS. M. NICHOLS.

Eight year old Whiskey.

FOR Medical Purposes, for sale by

JOHN HAYT

CUBA.

JONA. NICHOLS has this day received 25 Boxes superior CUBA CIGARS

which are offered very low for Cash by the box or dozen.

Sept 5

CONFECTIONARY AND FRUIT

HAVING made considerable additions to his establishment, the subscriber wishes to inform the public, that he can now supply all orders that may be made for Cakes, Candies, Fruits, &c. &c. at any time, either at wholesale or retail. He is also prepared to furnish

Weddings, Parties, Balls, &c. With Pyramids, &c. made of French Candies, Cakes, Oranges, Mince-pies, Kisses, &c. &c.

On the most reasonable terms and shortest notice, and he respectfully solicits orders for such work, and invites all to call and see specimens of his work, and learn his prices. He pledges himself to give entire satisfaction to all his patrons, as he feels confident that he understands several branches of the Confectionary business that have never been introduced in this community. A large stock of every thing in his line constantly on hand, including every description of French work.

Remember, the Old Confectionary establishment, on Third Street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office.

T. J. SHINDLEROWER.

Danville, Sept 26, '51

Hecker's Farina.

FROM its remarkably wholesome and nutritious qualities as a food for the healthy, it is now an established and almost indispensable requisite in every well provided family.

Its delicate and important uses as a diet for invalids and the sick, as well as for the sustenance of growing children and infants, particularly for the latter at the critical period of weaning, have secured it a character in the sick room and nursery, equal to its reputation as a food for the robust and hearty.

Lately, no other substance is so well calculated to establish during infancy the formation of a strong and well developed physical organization.

Chemical analysis, from the most distinguished authorities in New York and elsewhere, prove it to contain those elementary properties necessary to the production of muscle and bone in the system, and for satisfying other demands of the "mysterious principle of life."

Packed in papers containing one pound each—modes of cooking detailed on wrappers. A large supply of this valuable and most delicious article, just received and for sale by

JONA. NICHOLS & CO.

Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchants

Oct 10, '51

New-style Ribbons.

ADIES, call in and examine my new assortment of Ribbons and Cap Ribbons, as I feel confident that they will please all who are desirous of pretty and fashionable articles.

Sept 19

WM. M. FIELDS.

Shoes and Boots.

MY stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', and Children's Boots and Shoes is now very large and well assorted, and of the best workmanship and materials, and will be sold very cheap. Examine for yourselves.

Sept 19

WM. M. FIELDS.

WANTED.

A BOY at the "Mammoth Grocery." One

from the country would be preferred.

Sept 12, '51

PREMIUM HATS.

Blosser and Faced Hats

AND ALL SORTS OF HATS

HAVING taken both the Premium and first prize at the Fair in Lexington on the 21st inst., on FINE SILK HATS, I am prepared to furnish customers with duplicates of same, or better, and at all styles of Hats—Send in your orders soon.

GEO. C. BAIN.

Sept 19, '51

Jacks and Jennets for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, the best stock in the country. Also, Two Fine Breeding Jennets, with their Colours. Any person wishing to purchase stock of this kind would do well to give me a call. Residence half a mile north of Danville.

JAS. E. GILLESPIE.

Sept 5, '51

NEW GOODS!

G. A. ARMSTRONG has removed to the large and beautiful store room, formerly occupied by Scott & Co., and known as the "Bowdoin House," where he has just received a part of his

Fall Stock of Goods,

To which he respectfully invites the attention of the people round and about.

Sept 5, 1851

Just Received.

A LARGE lot of Glass and China, among which are some handsome sets.

J. M. NICHOLS.

Hemp Seed.

30 BUSHELS Hemp Seed for sale by

G. A. ARMSTRONG.

CITY INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF CINCINNATI

JNO. M. SCOTT, Agent,

WILL issue policies of insurance on all kinds of property against Loss or Damage by Fire, Water, or otherwise. Office at the Counting-room of Jno. M. Scott & Co.

Danville, Jan 17, '51

NEW YORK MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company,

No. 68 Wall Street, New York.

MORRIS FRANKLIN, Pres.

PLANT FREEMAN, Agent.

G. RICE, Agent,

Danville, Ky.

BOYLE & JANDERSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

DANVILLE, KY.

WILL continue to Practice Law in partnership with Boyle, and adjoining the Tribune Office on Third Street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office.

P. T. FOX.

J. B. VAUGHAN

FOX & VAUGHAN,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

STANFORD, KY.

WILL attend to all business entrusted to them in the Lincoln Circuit and District Courts.

June 6, '51

J. J. McCORMACK,

Attorney at Law,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

WILL attend with strict fidelity to all business entrusted to his care.

Refer to Boyle & JANDERSON, Danville, Ky.

Nov 29, 1850

C. W. MITCHELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

DANVILLE, KY.

OFFICE—Over D. A. Russell's Store.

E. HAMILTON,

PAINTER,

And Dealer in

Paints, Oils, and Window Glass,

DANVILLE, KY.

LEXINGTON.

CHINA, GLASS and Queensware.

I WOULD call the attention of my old customers, friends, and the public generally, to my stock of

CHINA, GLASS, QUEENWARE, LAMPS, GRINDSTONES, TABLE CUTLERY, CUT GLASS, BOTTLES, CHINA, GLASS, QUEENWARE, LAMPS, GRINDSTONES, TABLE CUTLERY, CUT GLASS, BOTTLES,

And other Fancy Ware, PLATED GLASS, TORS, FORKS, and SPOONS, together with almost every article usually kept in an establishment of the kind, which I pledge myself to sell at the lowest price for Cash, or to punctual dealers on the usual time.

W. C. LILLY.

Lexington, Oct 17, '51

JUST RECEIVED!

THE subscribers are in receipt of a large and splendid stock of Fall Goods, consisting in part of

CARPETS, WALL PAPER, CURTAIN MATERIALS, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of nearly every description, all of which are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing, as he is determined to sell as low as the same description of Goods can be purchased anywhere West of the Mountains.

THOMPSON & FANDALISM,

No. 4, Higgins Block,

Oct 3, '51

REMOVAL!

FURNITURE, CHAIRS, &c., PATTERSON & WOODRUFF

I HAVE removed to the Mammoth Furniture Warehouse, lately occupied by JAS. MARCH, on Short Street, between the two Banks, where they now have perhaps the largest stock of

Furniture, Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry

FURNITURE,

That can be found in any house in the West. Their stock is of their own manufacture, and is warranted to be equal to any manufactured east or west. Having none but the very best workmen in our employ, we are determined to make the best articles at the lowest possible prices, and will not be undersold by any one in the same quality of goods.

We also keep on hand and manufacture to order, Spring, Hair, Moss and Shuck

MATTRESSES; VENETIAN BLINDS;

And everything else in the Furniture line. Our stock is now very large and complete, and persons furnishing their houses with such articles would do well to give us a call.

PATTERSON & WOODRUFF.

17 We are prepared with a very fine NEW

BEARSKIN, to attend funeral calls in the city or country, at any hour of the day or night.

Lexington, June 20, '51

NEW CARPETS

WALL PAPER,

KENNARD & CO. are now opening their Fall Stock of Goods, embracing

24 pieces Royal Velvet Tapestry;

24 " Super Brussels Tapestry;

24 " Super Imperial 3-ply;

24 " Superfine Ingrain;

6 " Fine

6 " Damask Venetian 4-7, 8, and 3-4;

6 " Twilled

6 " Venetian 5-8, 3-4, and 4-4;

6 Sheets Old Cloth, which we will cut to any sized room or passage;

A large lot of Amianter, Chenille, Tuft and Velvet Rugs;

Draggots, 6-4, 10-4, 12-4, and 16-4 wide;

7 ROSEWOOD BEANOS;

From the best makers in N. York city.

50 pairs super Laces and Muslin Embroidered

Curtains.

Superior extra super Damask, with Cornish and Aras to match.

2-4, 3-4, and 10-4 Table Damask;

11-4, 12-4 Irish and Barnum Sheetings;

Danish Napkins;

Pillow-Case Linens;

Hucobac Diaper.

ALSO,

Grindstones, 1, 3, and 5 Lights;

Cornelius Lamps,

With Goods suitable for

HOUSE FURNISHING.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Embracing 250 patterns, varying from \$1, etc. to \$2.50 per piece, with Velvet, Gold, and Common Borders to match.

The Goods being purchased entirely from first hands, our customers may expect to get them at the lowest possible rates.—CALL AND SEE.

KENNARD & CO.

Lexington, Ky., Aug 29, '51

Iron and Hardware Store,

(Sign of the Big Stone),

MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY.

THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand a large and extensive stock of

Hardware of all kinds,

Cutlery, Looking-Glass Frames, Carpenter's and Cabinet-Maker's Tools, Italian Marble for Cabinet Work;

Tin Ware and Stoves;

Improved and Cast-Iron Pumps; Scales of every description; Springs and Spring Wire; Hair Cloth, &c. &c.

His stock is complete and ample in all the above branches, and he is determined to sell as cheap as any house in the West. Liberal inducements offered to wholesale purchasers.

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Lexington, June 13, 1851

BLOOMER HAT!

A FEW MORE LEFT OF THIS BEAUTIFUL BLOOMER SILK

HATS, pronounced the most beautiful style of Hat ever introduced to the public.

GEO. C. BAIN.

Lexington, Aug 1, '51

NOTICE.

THE Quarterly Terms of the Court of the Judge of Boyle county will be held on the first Monday in the months of March, June, September and December. All persons having business with the Judge will always find him at the Office of J. F. BELL.

SPEED S. FRY, P. J. B. C. C.

Danville, Aug 15, '51

M'CALLISTER'S Concentrated Ex-

tract of Jamaica Ginger, for sale by

R. A. WATTS.

Mar 7

JUST RECEIVED!

2500 lbs. Attapapas Sugar;

2500 " N. Orleans "

500 " Crushed "

1000 " Rio Coffee;

500 " Laundry Coffee;

28 kegs Nails, ass'd;

3 " Alder;

2 " Spice;